

Effective fly trap for all species



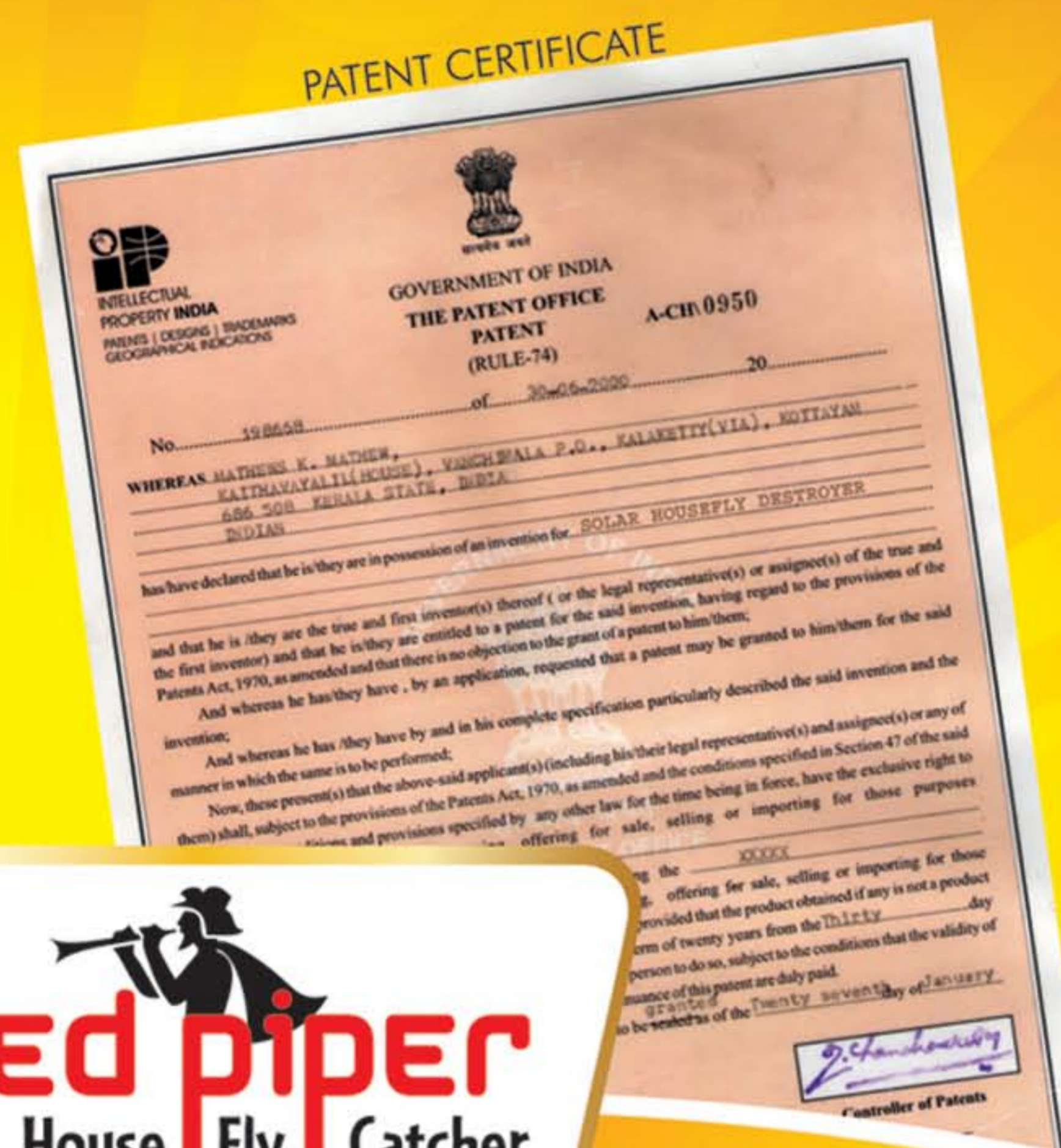
Common housefly



Housefly - Salmonella irritants



Housefly - Fannia



ped piper
House Fly Catcher

MANUFACTURED BY

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SOLAR HOUSEFLY CATCHER

Use anywhere for
effective fly control



**PATENTED
PRODUCT**

NATIONAL AWARD WINNER



ped piper
House Fly Catcher

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100% eco-friendly | Durable | Easy to clean

GREAT FOR:

- ◆ All Pet Owners ◆ Kennels ◆ Farms
- ◆ Stables ◆ Barns ◆ Aviaries
- ◆ Livestock Areas
- ◆ Camping ◆ Hunting
- ◆ Fishing Trips ◆ Outdoor Parties
- ◆ Picnics ◆ Catering units
- ◆ Barbecues ◆ Pools ◆ Restaurants
- ◆ Outdoor Eating Areas
- ◆ Commercial Sanitation
- ◆ Public dumping areas

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A product that lasts Life Time

No Electricity

No Operating Cost

No Chemicals

No Fumes / Odour

Works on insect habit



Flies are not just a nuisance, they're a major cause of disease, suffering and economic hardship around the world.

All told, they are known to be involved in the transmission of more than 65 diseases to humans alone, including typhoid fever, dysentery, cholera, leprosy and tuberculosis.

They are also responsible for significant reductions in the production of farmed meat and dairy products. It's estimated that flies are responsible for global livestock and poultry production losses measured in the billions of dollars.

Modern methods of livestock and poultry farming often provide an ideal breeding environment for flies, making control a major challenge.

However, it's a challenge to which we at KINE have committed the full wealth of our experience in eco-friendly pest control.

How do Houseflies Spread Diseases?

The housefly (*Musca domestica*) is one of the most common of all insects. It is a major health hazard, particularly in parts of the world where sanitary conditions are poor.

It has a peculiar system of feeding itself. At first it releases saliva and digestive juices over food and then sponges up the resulting solution. One can well imagine what we are eating after a fly are taken a 'sip' of our food.

Because of the way they eat, flies contaminate large amounts of food. They carry germs of several deadly diseases and cause millions of deaths every year.

Another way that the housefly contaminates food is by rubbing its legs together. Do you know why it does so?

The whole body of the housefly, including claws and padded feet, is covered with bristles. Its tongue is coated with sticky glue. A fly rubs its legs together to clean itself. In the process of rubbing its legs, it rubs off scraps of some of the material that has gathered on its bristles.

This is how it drops germs of dangerous diseases on our food. When we eat this food we may get infected. Some of the most common diseases spread by the housefly are typhoid, tuberculosis and dysentery, all of which, if left untreated even for a short while, can cause death.

Flies gather such germs from garbage and sewage, where they usually live and breed. The female lays about 100 eggs at a time and as many as 1000 during her lifetime. The eggs hatch into larvae in 12 to 30 hours.



Free from
Cholera, Dysentery
Typhoid fever
Tuberculosis
and 60 more diseases

OPERATING PRINCIPLE:

a) The Houseflies are attracted to this trap because of items put in bait box and sliding tray.

Once inside the base unit, they are attracted towards the transparent patch at the front part and the patch of mesh at the back. They investigate the patches and enter the transparent cone through holes at the top of the patches. Finally they get trapped in the U tube.

b) Some flies die due to starvation or by fatigue. For others, a method immersion of 'U' Tube in water is used. A container is specially provided for this purpose.

Various Parts and their function:

'U' Tube

Part of the cone, which goes in side 'U' Tube.

Spring Rings for holding two parts of 'U' tube.

Entry hole for flies to the trap.

Perforated Bait Box: We put such items (Milk, Sugar, Fruits, Fish, Bakery items, Chicken etc.), which will attract flies in this perforated Bait Box from out side because of smell.

Openable perforated plugs allow water to flow inside the 'U' Tube when immersed inside Container.

Sliding tray where same Bait is as that is kept in Bait box. It is kept slightly open. Flies can enter in the trap through this.

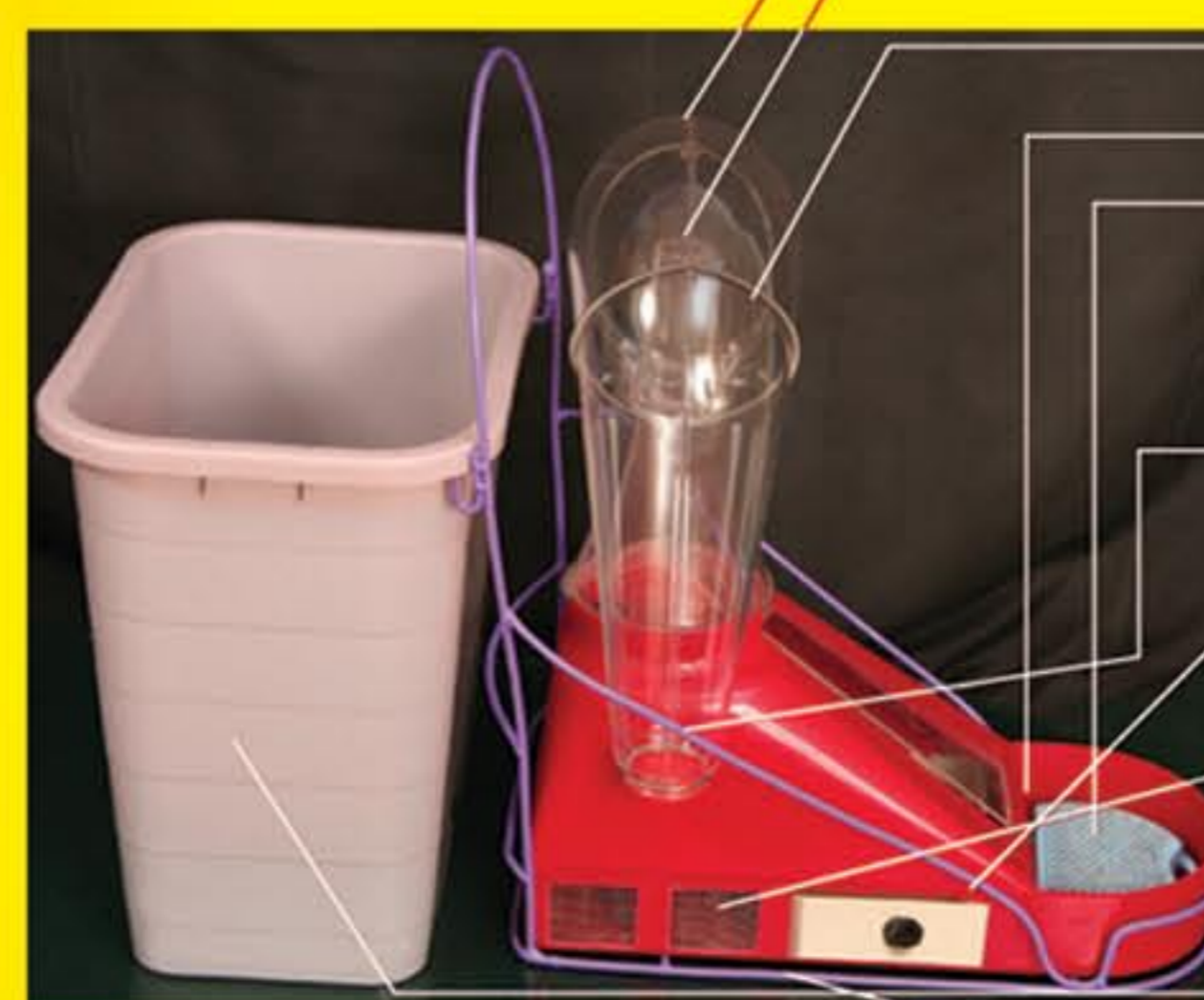
Wire mesh openings on both sides and at the rear to attract flies by smell emitting from sliding tray and from perforated bait box.

Container containing water for dipping 'U' Tube.

It is surprising to note that even after lifting 'U' Tube from the trap the flies do not get out of tube.

Water gets inside U Tube when dipped in container. The pressure inside the U Tube rises which finally kills the flies.

A carrier is provided with every 'Fly Catcher'. This will facilitate the owner to take the 'Fly catcher' to any place where the flies are concentrated.



ped piper
House Fly Catcher

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Safe around children, pets and animals